## Senate Bill No. 1457

## CHAPTER 571

An act to amend Section 17529.5 of the Business and Professions Code, relating to business.

[Approved by Governor September 17, 2004. Filed with Secretary of State September 17, 2004.]

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1457, Murray. Commercial e-mail advertisements.

Existing state law prohibits a person or entity from advertising in a commercial e-mail advertisement that is sent either from California or to a California e-mail address if the e-mail contains or is accompanied by a 3rd-party's domain name without permission, contains or is accompanied by falsified, misrepresented, obscured, or forged header information, or has a misleading subject line. Existing state law authorizes the recipient of an unsolicited commercial e-mail advertisement transmitted in violation of these prohibitions, an e-mail service provider, or the Attorney General to bring an action to recover actual damages for a violation of this prohibition, and authorizes a court to award reasonable attorney's fees and costs if they are a prevailing plaintiff.

This bill would delete the prohibition against obscured header information. The bill would authorize the Attorney General, an e-mail service provider, or the recipient of an unsolicited commercial e-mail advertisement transmitted in violation of these provisions to bring an action to recover liquidated damages of \$1,000 per unsolicited commercial e-mail advertisement transmitted in violation of the provisions, up to \$1,000,000 per incident, subject to reduction by the court. The bill would prohibit the bringing of multiple actions under different damages provisions relating to e-mail advertisements for the same violation.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 17529.5 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:

17529.5. (a) It is unlawful for any person or entity to advertise in a commercial e-mail advertisement either sent from California or sent to a California electronic mail address under any of the following circumstances:

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(1) The e-mail advertisement contains or is accompanied by a third-party's domain name without the permission of the third party.

- (2) The e-mail advertisement contains or is accompanied by falsified, misrepresented, or forged header information. This paragraph does not apply to truthful information used by a third party who has been lawfully authorized by the advertiser to use that information.
- (3) The e-mail advertisement has a subject line that a person knows would be likely to mislead a recipient, acting reasonably under the circumstances, about a material fact regarding the contents or subject matter of the message.
- (b) (1) (A) In addition to any other remedies provided by any other provision of law, the following may bring an action against a person or entity that violates any provision of this section:
  - (i) The Attorney General.
  - (ii) An electronic mail service provider.
- (iii) A recipient of an unsolicited commercial e-mail advertisement, as defined in Section 17529.1.
- (B) A person or entity bringing an action pursuant to subparagraph (A) may recover either or both of the following:
  - (i) Actual damages.
- (ii) Liquidated damages of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each unsolicited commercial e-mail advertisement transmitted in violation of this section, up to one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per incident.
- (C) The recipient, an electronic mail service provider, or the Attorney General, if the prevailing plaintiff, may also recover reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- (D) However, there shall not be a cause of action under this section against an electronic mail service provider that is only involved in the routine transmission of the e-mail advertisement over its computer network.
- (2) If the court finds that the defendant established and implemented, with due care, practices and procedures reasonably designed to effectively prevent unsolicited commercial e-mail advertisements that are in violation of this section, the court shall reduce the liquidated damages recoverable under paragraph (1) to a maximum of one hundred dollars (\$100) for each unsolicited commercial e-mail advertisement, or a maximum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per incident.
- (3) (A) A person who has brought an action against a party under this section shall not bring an action against that party under Section 17529.8 or 17538.45 for the same commercial e-mail advertisement, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 17529.1.
- (B) A person who has brought an action against a party under Section 17529.8 or 17538.45 shall not bring an action against that party under

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this section for the same commercial e-mail advertisement, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 17529.1.

SEC. 2. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.